MONMOUTH PARK LICENSED. AUTHORIZED TO CONDUCT RACING FOR FIVE

YEARS AT A PLE OF \$1 A YEAR. Freehold, N. J., Feb. 28 .- A Tensation was created throughout the county when the Tswnship Com-mittee of Entontown, composed 3. D. Van Nole, Rullf Hopper and Charles McFadden, granted to Monmouth Park a license for a term of five years at a yearly fee of \$1. An agent of the racing a sociation visited the members of the committee, and he was assured that they were in favor of giving a license for racing under the new law just passed. Croft, secretary of the association, made the applica-Superintendent Van Keuren was present at the

The indicted officials have not as yet put in an The summonses are returnable on

the Township Committee of Eatontown, the indignation of the people generally was of the most prononneed character. The secrecy with which the committee did the work has so incensed the people that efforts will be put forth by the Law and Order League of the county immediately after their return from the demonstration at Trenton to-morrow, 10 invoke the aid of the courts, looking to some restraining measures. The Board of Choset Freeholders has taken a hand, and many of its members have openly expressed a determination to attack the township officials for their precipitate action. This body will meet in Freehold to-morrow, and an unusually lively time is expected.

INDIGNATION AT PLAINFIELD. DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS UNITE TO CON-CONDEMN THE ACTION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Indignation was expressed in most forcible language in Flainfield last night against the Trenton legislators who, by a cowardly adjournment yesterday, postponed the mass-meeting of Law and Order men at Trenton Wednesday. Early in the day Mayor Gibert Issued the following notice to Plainfield's outraged citizens:

Plainfield, February 28, 1803.
A mass-meeting of citizens from all parts of the State has been called to meet at the State House, Treaton, on Wednesday, March 1, at noon, to demand of our legislators Wednesday, March I, at mon, to demand of our registrons the cepeal of the racetrack laws. A latre delegation is expected from Plainfield. All citizens interested in the movement, who can make it convenient to attend, are nevement, who can make it convenient to the requested to do so as representatives from this city. These who respond to this call are hereby constituted members of the committee, which I, as chalman of Sunday's meeting, was authorized to appoint.

A. GILBERT, Chairman.

The most prominent men in the business and social circles c. Plainfield at once made preparations to go to Trenton to demand the repeal of the infamous laws, when they learned that they were not to be allowed to appear before the Trenton lawmakers. They were extremely angry, and Democrats as well as kepublicans promised that not a man who so openly defled docency and public opinion, would be returned to Trenton at the next election.

A REPEAL DEMANDED IN MORRISTOWN.

Morristown, Feb. 28 (special).-Despite the fierco hallstorm which has been raging here all this afternoon and evening. Lyceum Hall was filled with an enthusiastic audience, composed of a large number of the representative men of the city. John Whitehead called the meeting to order. Mayor John E. Taylor was elected chairman and H. W. Van Wagner secretary. After prayer by the Rev. Dr. Freeman, the Rey. Albert Erdman read extracts showing the vilehess of the bills just passed. Addresses were made by the Rev. J. M. Buckley, W. W. Cutler, Paul Revere, the Rev. Kinsley Twining, Colonel Dobbins, the Rev. J. E. Adams, the Rev. William M. Hughes, others, after which the Rev. John MacNaughton presented the following resolutions: "Resolved, By the citizens of Morristown, in mass-meeting assembled, in Lyceum Hall, February 28, 1893, that we enter our earnest protest against the race-track bills recently passed by the Legislature of New-Jersey, known as bills No. 299, 360 and 301, and that, in common with good citizens of the state, we emphatically demand a repeal of said bills, and in case these bills are not immediately repealed, we piedge ourselves to connot immediately repealed, we pledge ourselves to con-tinuous and untiring efforts toward that end, until the result is secured. Resolved, That a delegation of thirty of our fellow-citizens be appointed to attend the mass-meeting of citizens of the state to be held at the state House, at Trenton, at noon or Wednesday, March 1, 1993, and to this delegation, these resolutions are now referred." After passing the resolutions the

A meeting of the Board of Trade and citizens of Paterson last night adopted resolutions condemning the race-track laws, and demanding their repeal. Also urging the track laws, and definanding their repeat. Also urging the Passate County Board of Freeholders and the Township trees not to license the Clifton track. A com Trenton to-day, and also to wait upon the Freeholders next

CITIZENS ASKED TO GO TO TRENTON. Notices were read in all the prayer-meetings in Newark last night calling for as many people as could to go to Trenton to-day to protest against the race-track laws.

THE MEETING WILL BE HELD, JUST THE SAME. actively in progress at Elizabeth last evening to take a large number of people to Trento last evening to take a large number of people to Trenton to-day to attend the mast-meeting to protest against and demand the repeal of the Racetrack bill. When Dr. Kemptshall learned that the Assemblymen had run away and did not dare to face the indignant people, he hastened to the telegraph office and sent out the following bulletin: "The Legislature has adjourned, but the citizen's mass-meeting in the State House will be held just the same on Wednesday, at noon. Let there be a grand raily of the people, stormly or clear.

It is expected that fully 1,000 people will go from

It is expected that fully 1,000 people will go from

SENATOR MILLER SEVERELY SCORED.

Cape May, N. J., Feb. 28 (Special).-An indignation eeting was held in the First Methodist Church here this evening was held in the lopedar feeling against the recent racetack legislation and the arbitrary and corrupt nethods adopted to secure its passage. The church was well filled, despite the storm, and the audience was composed of the best citizens of Cape May and vicinity. The following prominent citizens made addresses: J. M. Ittifacts Colored H. M. Sawver, H. D. Edmunds, H. E. Hildreth, Colonel H. M. Sawyer, H. D. Edmunds, Dourins, Enos R. Williams, Reuben Hoffman and T. R. Brooks. They were unsparing in their denunciations and severely scored 8 nator Miller. Resolutions were adopted calling upon him to resign, declaring that he was unfit to represent Cape May, and had dishonored his constituency beyond measure by his vote on the racebills and in denying to the people the right of

A FINE COLLECTION TO BE SOLD.

The important collection of antique carpets, rugs, hangings, tapestries and gems belonging to James I. Raymond and A. A. Vantine & Co., together with Vantine-Raymond collection of rare antique Chinese and Japanese curios, porcelains, ivories, bron and jades, will be exhibited at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, No. 366 Fifth-ave., this afternoon. sale of the Chinese and Japanese curios will take piace at 3:30 p. m. on March 3, 4 and 6; that of the rugs and carpets on March 7, 8, 9 and 10. A numper of persons visited the galleries last night to feast their eyes on the wonders of the ancient tapestries of all lands. The rugs ranged in price from \$50 to \$10,000. A cabinet containing more than 100 articles, large and small, carved from ivory attracted The collection of blue much attention. China vases and bottles, bronzes and Jades humbers about 500. It was said at the salesmouns last night that the display of carpets and rugs was the most one ever offered at public sale and that there was not a modern piece in the entire collection

RAPID TELEGRAPHERS TO COMPETE.

A Fass Telegraphic Tournament will be held at Hard man Hell, Pitth-ave, and Nineteenth-st., on Saturday, March 11. A team of picked telegraphers will start from San Francisco fa a few days to take part in the tourney. The object of the competition is to create a fund for the endowment of one or more hospital beds under control of the Telegraphers' Mutual Relief Association. Members of the Committee of Armagements said yesterday that John W. Mackay, of San Francisco, who is confined to his bed, suffering from the effects of a would-be asses-sin's attack, was exceedingly thoughtful and sind in offering two special prizes. The prizes are two gold medals for the two best typewriter receivers. mittee added that Mr. Mackay, who is one of the largest stockholders in the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, had shown much interest in the advancement of good service. and in encouraging and inciting his employes to perfect their

KILLED.

THAT IS THE PRICE PAID FOR THE "BOSS'S" SUPPORT OF THE PERSONAL REG-

ISTRATION ACT.

down the rural vote. Possessing, as they be-Personal Registration law for farming communities. He is of the opinion that the Democratic farmers will be so irritated by this palpable attempt to disfranchise them that in the long My communications are still pending business before run the Personal Registration act will efficilly the Commission. Except as to the State hospitals be harmful to the political party responsible for

Most of the Democratic Assemblymen representing rural constituencies did not attend the caucus. Among the absentees were Barnard, of Clinton: Fraser and Ryder, of Westchester: Hand, of Montgomery; Hilton, of Albany; Kempner, Wolff and McManus, of New-York; Lenbard and Frank D. Smith, of Erie; Rice, of Ulster; Searing and Townsend, of Queers; Van Demark, of Seneca; Vandewater, of Dutchess; and Getman, of Richmond. Some of these men are ill and are not in exempted from examination. In December the po-Albany, and therefore will not be able to vote on the bill when it comes up in the Assembly to-secretary of State was transferred from the competitive the bill when it comes up in the Assembly to-morrow. Others of the absenters are known to be hostile to it. Whether they will obey the Troy was promptly appointed. The law says that their vote to-morrow will disclose.

The caucus decided to push the Personal Registration act to-morrow. The Kings County Democrats refused to agree to support the bill until they had secured a promise from the representatives of the "Regency" that the bill for consolidation of New-York and Brooklyn should not be pushed. "Boss" McLaughlin considers the Consolidation bill most inimical to his interests. It is said that Mr. McLaughlin's deal with Messrs. Croker, Murphy, Sheehan and Flower does not go beyond the Personal Registration till. He agrees to support that if they will kill th bill authorizing the people of New-York and Brocklyn to vote upon the question of their con-solidation.

When the Democratic Assemblymen adjourned

When the Democratic Assemblymen adjourned their caucus to-night one of them said they counted upon having sixty-eight votes for the Personal Registration act to-morrow. It takes sixty-five votes to pass a bill in the Assembly, and there are seventy-four Democratic Assemblymen. Ten of them, therefore, either must be absent or must decline to vote for the bill in order to insure its defeat.

THE FIRE ISLAND BILL LAID OVER. MORE MONEY VOTED FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR

tribution to the great exhibition. Senator O'Connor. Republicau, offered an an adment providing that \$100,000 of the \$300,000 should be set apart for New-York's livestock exhibition. Senator Cantor said "Colonel" Farquian's name, but which really came that he was opposed to splitting up the appropriation. Senator Irwin expressed the belief that Donald McNaughton, the Chief Executive Officer of of the Assembly: "I am not going to vote for any New-York World's Fair Commismake suitable provision for the transportation of only one of the battle it looked as though the other cattle. Then Senator O'Connor withdrew the amend sixteen Kings County Democrats think with him.

— Columbi Farquian's bill amends the Ballot Re-

was passed.

Senator Cantor introduced a bill providing for the re-indexing, according to the block sysTem, of the records of arrears of taxes in the various departments of New-York city.

Senator Plunkitt's bill permitting the appointment of poil clerks and ballot clerks in New-York City by Astembly districts, and not as heretofore by election districts; Senator Planklit's bill appropri-ating \$135,000 for the construction of a new wing to the Mctropolitan Museum, and Senator McCarthy's tunnel railroad bill were passed.

GOVERNOR FLOWER AS A SPOHSMAN. HE HAS PRACTICALLY NULLIFIED THE ACTI-

OF THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW. Albany, Feb. 28 (Special).—Governor Flower's dis-missal of John B. Riley, Chief Examiner of the Board of Civil Service Commissioners, calls attention to the former's virtual abrogation of the laws respecting admissions to the civil service of the State. Ever since he became Governor he has steadily broken down the barriers which have been set up to prevent political appointments, and now, except in connection with the spitals and some penal institutions, the Civil Service

Hood's Cures



Atter the Grip In Miserable Condition "I have found that the grip uses clienty people pretty severely. I am sixty-nine years old, and when the grip attacked me last winter I came very near dying. I was

all broken down and Reduced to a Mere Skeleton

I could not seem to gain any strong to help me. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla

Albany, Feb. 48-The Democratic Assemblymen held a caucus this afternoon which lasted for over two hours. The main theme of talk the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given the suggestion of the Governor. annually to register their names in person in or-der to gain the right to vote. This bill is being that he is at liberty to publish them if he wishes, so pushed by the new Albany Regency, Roswell P. Flower, Edward Murphy, jr., Richard Croker and William F. Sheehan, with the idea of cutting William F. Sheehan, with the idea of cutting lim. I know that some of the machine managers the 9th.

Asbury Park, N. J., [Feb. 28 (Special).—When the lieve they do, the vote of the cities, have called here to-day that a license had been granted to the Monmouth Park Racing association by that as soon as the Uniform Personal Registration bill is passed, they can defy public senti- from several of the State Departments showed ment. It is well to say that David B. Hill, the shrewdest Democratic politician in the State, of the statutes. I notified the appointing officers on differs from this view. In an annual message when Governor he opposed the passage of a Personal Registration between the subject before the Civil Service Commission. At appointed to wait upon the Governor and arrange for a conference, for the purpose of learning his wishes Commissioner Enstace was removed soon afterward and a few minor State Institutions the Civil Service law has been practically nullified during the last year. in this connection it may not be uninteresting to note that on several occasions when the Civil Service Commission failed to change the classification of enployes so as to enable the heads of departments to make selections without refer nce to the meri system. Governor Flower had promptly ordered the changes.

"On April 29, 1892, Mr. Flower directed the suspension of the Civil Service rules as to employes at the State Agricultural Experiment Station. On July 20 the employes of the Dairy Commissioner were command of a caucus which they did not attend, their vote to-morrow will disclose. no doubt as to the feasibility of filling the position of bookkeeper by competition. The whole system, so far as this State is concerned, is fast becoming a

> Mr. Riley's statements are fully confirmed by the Mr. Hiley's statements are roug contacts of records. The State departments which are ignoring the Civil Service law are the Controller's office, the State Treasurer's office, the State Engineer's office, the Dairy Commissioner's office, the State Agricultural Experiment Station, the Department of Public Buildings and the Eureau of Labor Statistics.

BROOKLYN DEMOCRATS DID IT.

THE BALLOT REFORM LAW SENT BACK TO COMMITTEE.

KINGS COUNTY ASSEMBLYMEN VOTE WITH THE REPUBLICANS AGAINST THE TAM-MANY LEADERS.

Albany, Feb. 28 (Special),-"The enemy just about had their hands upon our guns and would have captured them," was the explanation offered this morning by Percival (coractimes called Colone) Far-quiar for the retreat that he ordered on the amend-MORE MONEY VOTED FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR

OTHER BUSINESS IN THE SENATE.

Albany, Feb. 2s (special).—The bill appropriating \$210,000 for the purchase of Fire Island from Governor Flower was to have been considered by the Senate forday, but senator Cantor moved that it he set aside, and the Senate proceeded to other business. The Senators, somewhat astonished, complied with this request, and the bill was placed on the fallow, was a disorderly and a disastrous one. He did not earry the bill with him. It went back to the Judiciary Committee. The Republican forces were solidly arrayed against certain provisions of this bill, and they asked for delay to present amendments to the Ballot law, "Colonel" Farquhar temperarily was in command of the Democratic forces in the Assembly, but his name will not go down in history as that of a man who is skilled in the art of war in any sense of the word. His attack was not well and the retreat, from a military point of wide, and his retreat, from a military point of the Judiciary Committee. The Republican forces were solidly arrayed against certain provisions of this bill, and they asked for delay to present amendments to the Ballot law, "Colonel" Farquhar temperarily was in command of the Democratic forces in the Assembly, but his name will not go down in history as that of a man who is skilled in the art of war in any sense of the word. His attack was not well and sense of the word. His attack was not well and sense of the word. His attack was not well and sense of the word. His attack was not well and sense of the word. His attack was not well and sense of the word. His attack was not well and sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word. His attack was not well any sense of the word Flower had been invelgled into paying too much for Fire Island. Mr. Cantor is a wary person, and dislikes to disclose any dissension in a hitherto harmonious Democratic family.

Senator Centor persuaded the Senate to pass his bill appropriating \$300,000 additional for the World's Fair. This will make \$600,000 as New-York's contribution to the great exhibition. Senator O'Connor the Bracklyn non states the head of Mr. Canada and the hill back. They were denoted the proponent's forces broke away, and some the bill back. They were the beautiful than to send the bill back. They were the beautiful than the send the bill back. doners, would bill sent up here by Richard Croker." From the

ent. The bill was passed by an unanimous vote.

Senator Mullin introduced an amendment to the form law by providing, among other things, for a Senator Mailin introduced an americane to the Constitution providing that the cities should be classified into groups according to their population, and that the Legislature; should be limited to passing general laws concerning them.

Senator Ahearn's bill permitting the New York Fire Commissioners to take sites for buildings for the commissioners to take sites for buildings for the passed after the Republicans had been allowed to after a number of amendments to be provided by the passed after the Republicans had been allowed to after a number of amendments to be provided by the passed after the paster initially made which but retains the paster initially, and which but retains the paster initially and which but retains the paster initiall Fire Department by condemnation preceedings. it, which amendments were to be voted down. Early this morning the Republicans had a caucus on the bill and decided on the amendments to be One amendment was to do away with the paster ballot, and another was to increase the size circle and the square in which the voter is to mark his choice. The bill also had a number of mino-imperfect us, and when it was announced this morn-ing "Colonel" Farquian sent to the desk a mass of amendments to correct them. Mr. Alusworth, of oswego, secured recognition from the speaker, and proceeded to attack the measure in its present form. He gave way to the "Colonel" to explain some of the features of the Tammany Hall creation. this explanation the introducer said that the change would prevent the existence of more than one ballot In New York City there were districts where from thirteen to sixteen bollots were printed. In Catta rangus County in 1891 the fact that the Key, Dr. Edwards, the Independent candidate for Senator, got his name printed on the Republican ticket accounts for his election in a district overwhelmingly Repub-

"How would that change affect the election

Mr. Farquiar could make no reply to this question He allowed Mr. Ainsworth to resume the Coor. M Ainsworth said that this bill and the Personal Regitration bill were the most important measures would come before the Legislature this session. yet this bill was reported from the Judiciary Com mittee without anything like the careful attention that ought to be given to it. The bill had been first re ported out for amendments to be reprinted and sent back for more careful consideration by the committee, but it had been reported the second time with almost no consideration whatsoever. The fact that the in troducer of the bill was now offering amendments to it was evidence that it was far from being a perfect the column is not provided for, and its lines may be a fine as the hairspring of a watch. The circle ought to be so clear that no one who can see at all can help seeing it. Then there ought to be a provision for party emblems, a tiger for the Democrats, an eagle for the Republicans, a water glass or a pump for the Prohibitionists, an arm for the Labor party. and so on, so that a tean who could see one of the emblems and who could not read or write could tell the party for which he was voting. "A man with ordinary intelligence can tell the difference between a tiger and an eagle," he added. At the close of his remarks he moved to recommit the bill to the Judiciary Committee for further consideration, the committee to report the bill next week Tuesday, and it then to be made a special order for the following day.

Mr. Cooney, the chairman of the committee, sai that the position taken by Mr. Ainsworth was correct. He knew, he said, that the bill had received only slight consideration in the committee, and added that he had a number of amendments, sent to him by the election officials of Brooklyn, that he would like to offer. Mr. Farquiar said that he took exception to what had been aid by both Mr. Ainsworth and Mr. Cooney in regard to the slight consideration of the byl, and he would act consent to the bill going back to the committee Mr. Fish declared that it was indecent for any one to stand in the way of a recommittal of a bill, es pecially when the chairman of the committee from which the bill had been reported asked it. Quigley sided with his associate from Brooklyn, and aid that the bill ought to have the most carefu consideration. Mr. Mally asked "Colone?" Farquiar if the 144 had been considered by the members of the Judiciary Committee to his knowledge. The "Colone!" could only answer for himself.

The Tammany men on the floor were visibly agtisted at the prospect of an engagement that apparently would turn out so disastrously for them, and they

cen to the appointment of politicians to almost every office under the State Government without the necessity of undergoing the painful ordeal of an examination. Apparently the politicians whom Governor Flower desired to concer office upon were not intelligent enough to pass any sort of an examination. No man is better able to speak with authority regarding Governor Flower's millifaction of the Civil Service Commissioners since 1886. Mr. Riley for he has been the chief examiner of the Board of Civil Service Commissioners since 1886. Mr. Riley made the following highly important statement to day:

"Civil Service Commissioner Balley made a state ment yesterday to the citest that I was relieved at the suggestion of the Governor, that he had given freezons, and they were not factional. I do not know what they may have beet. I can only say that he is at liberty to publish them I' he wishes, so far as I am concerned. I hage nothing to conceal egarding my official or political relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor. I never had any business relations with the foovernor of the State Departments showed in appointments had been made in direct volunties. The Kings County men to the claim of the titude of the foovernor of t

A HABEAS CORPUS FOR THE JUDGES.

THE CONFLICT BETWEEN FEDERAL AND STATE COURTS IN MISSOURI.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 28,-John A. Lucas, attorney for the county Judges Imprisoned in the county July, sued out a writ of habeas corpus this afternoon requiring them to be brought before Judge Phillips, of the United States Circuit Court, In Chambers, for th reason that they were wrongfully, unjustly and Hlegally detained in imprisonment. The petition for the writ recites that St. Clair County voted bends twenty five years ago for a railroad that was never built; that the bonds fell into the hands of the Ninth National Bank of New York, an isnocent purchaser; that the Supreme Court of the United States declared that the honds must be paid; that Judge Phillips, of the United States District Court, ordered the county judges to make a special tax levy to pay the bonds that the Judges declined to obey the order, and that Judge Phillips had them imprisoned for contempt. The petition says, also, that the county court was

of Missouri by so doing. Here comes in the conflict between the State and Federal statutes spoken of by Governor Stone in his message to the Legislature a few days ago. The statutes of Missouri provide that to make a tax levy of the kind, the county attorney has to ask the State Circuit Court to make an order has to ask the State Creuit Court to make an order to the County Court commanding it to make such levy. The petition contends this never has been done, and as the County Court is powerless to make a levy without Judge F illipe's order, it cannot be obeyed. It is the county attorney and the Circuit Court who are to blame, and who should be imprisoned if any one, the petition says.

PIPE LINE PROPERTY WANTONLY DESTROYED.

Johnstown, Penn., Feb. 28.—The pipes of the Cres ent Pipe Line Company were forn up last night at Mowry's Mills, thirty miles from here, and 4,000 barrels of oil were poured out into the creek. The depredators chopped down sev ral telephone poles destroying communication, and set are to the oil The Mazing oil destroyed a number of bridges and much valuable timber. It is g nerally believed that persons living in the neighborhood, who have den-work for the company and sliege that they were not paid, are responsible. These scople have frequently invested to destroy the company's property.

ENCAMPMENT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA G. A. R. Lebanon, Penn., Feb. 28.-The Grand Army of the Republic Encampment met this morning in the Opera House and was received by the Mayor. There are 800 delegates present. No business was transacted except the reception of representatives of the officer-R. met in the Court House with a large number present, as did the Woman's Relief Corps at P. O. S. of A. Hall, The city is crowded and beautifully decorated. Meadville, Penn, is mentioned as the place for holding the next meeting. and of the reception committees. The ladies' G. A.

STORMY VOYAGE OF THE KAISER WILHELM II. The Kaller Wilhelm II, of the North German Lloyd A. A. Barlow. met tough weather en het trip from tenna to this

Sue arrived Monday night. A big wave cracked following officers were elected for 1863-1804; George were thrown down and slightly broked. It is said that televanni Marretti, a sterrife passenger, was bedy injured. The officers of the Kaiser William II, define to give any information about the matter,

The customs officers found a treasure-trove in the Effords, which arrived here Saturday. They setzed a unterproof clock, eighteen and cases, sixty penell cases, twelve tollet cases, three didsess and a quantity of laco. The articles were conteated in the statements. They were taken to the scizure room of the Custom House.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES.

Washington, Feb. 28 (Special). In this year's Naval Appropriation till provision is made to permit cultsted men of the Navy and Marine corps to purchase their discharges in time of pence. The rules and conditions under which this may be done are to be prescribed by the President. The Army now has a law under which cultsted men are authorized to parchase discharge, and experience with others enacted to prevent or decrease describus | mittee. n the Army, has resulted in reducing the number of descritons almost 50 per cent. If such good results were read from John R. Hegeman, John A. McCall, follow in the Navy the authorities will be grateful. William H. Cole, E. H. Dermott and Charles H. The number of desertions to-day is large, and is a Raymond. ource of no little auxiety, not only because the strength of the service is decreased, but also because the morale is injuriously affected. In the Navy, re-critting is permitted on foreign stations, but the upon me a year ago, when you elect d me president of this class of men thus secured is not of a high order, and numbers without character are of doubtful advantage. Marines cannot be called on a foreign station, and where many descritions occur the guards are kept reduced until detachments are sent from this country. The experience in the Army is that the men greatly appreciate the privilege of being able to "buy out," and that their sense of independence and self-respect is measurably increased. No do bt the same will be the case in the Navy. Under the proposed law money received from the men who purthese their discharg a will be turned into the Treasury and be available for current expenses during the

The board of officers engaged in the work of revising nd codifying naval regulations to make them con form to modern conditions recommended among other under command of their own officers, be assigned as regular divisions at the guns of the main or secondary batteries. At present marines can be distributed among the various gun divisions commanded by naval officers, so that their individuality is destroyed and their usefulness measureably lessened. Commodore Ramsay objected at the outset to the board's recommendation, and succeeded in having the proposition sent back for reconsideration. The board resiftement its former conclusions. The Commodore then apchange was radical and illadvised. Mr. Soley has submitted the question to Secretary Tracy for final action, and decision is expected in a few days. It is probable that a compremise will be agreed upon, in accordance with which marines will not be distributed among the various gun crews, but will be held to-gether as a distinct division, to be assigned as the commanding officer of the slitp may direct.

of every woman — health and strength. They're brought to you by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Take this medicine, and there's a safe and certain cure for all the chronic weaknesses, derangements, and diseases peculiar to the sex. It will build up, strengthen, and invigorate every "run-down" or delicate woman. It regulates and assists all the natural functions, never conflicts with them, and is perfectly harmless in any condition of the female system. At some period in her life, a woman requires a general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine.

If you're a tired or afflicted woman, you can find no other remedy that's guaranteed. If the "Prescription" ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

So small is the chance of failure, with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, that its proprietors are willing to make this promise: "If we can't cure your Catarrh, no matter how bad your case is, we'll pay you \$500 in cash."

LIFE INSURANCE MEN DINE. SCROFULOUS

ITS ANNUAL FEAST AT DELMONICO'S-WHAT SOME OF THE SPEAKERS SAID.

The members of the Life Insurance Association of New-York, with their guests, dired at Delmonico's last evening and, in the enjoyment of a pleasant evening among those of kindred interest forgot, for a time the lesson which it is their mission to teach the world, that life is brief and uncertain, and that the wise man takes thought in order that a sudden calamity may not upset his house. The future might be uncertain, but the present was certain and enjoyable to the 100 members of the association, who gathered together and spoke of



GEORGE F. HADLEY.

the amusing as well as the serious phases of the insurance business. The association is seven years has 132 members. Among and guests invited were the the The petition says, also, that the county court was powerless to comply with the order to make a tax levy, because it would be disobeying the statutes of Missouri by so doing. He statutes of Missouri by so doing. of whom were present: J. G. smith, W. O. B. Clifford, C. B. Ellis, J. C. Freeman, G. W. English, E. A. Davies, H. E. Roberts, Van Cleve. W. M. Roberts, G. W. Raymond, C. C. Hine, Martin V. Andrews, C. G. Boland,



E. P. Ide, C. A. Shedd, C. E. Willard, W. M. Datesman, W. E. Taylor, G. G. Wilson, W. H. Page, H. V. Cleaner, A. S. Smith, E. Cottrell, R. E. Whitney and At a business meeting held before the dinner the

F. Hadley, of the Breeklyn Life Insurance Company, president; Byron A. Beal, of the Equitable Life As, urance Society, first vice president; C. M. Marvin, of the United States Life, second vice-president; of the Massachusetts Mutual, third vice-president; William H. Smith, of the Mutual Life,



G. P. HASKELL AND TILDEN BLODGETT.

secretary; Ezra De Firest, of the Penn Muhows that one good effect is that in many cases men tuni, treasurer; Thien Blodgett, of the Equitable who are dissaffsfled with military life, or who have Colonel C. H. Raymond, of the Mutual Life; George better opportunities in civil life, buy ther release P. Haskell, of the New York Life, and William Rad-This law, taken in connection cliffe, of the New-England Mutual, executive com-

After dinner had been served letters of r

Tilden blodgett, the retiring president, acted a

tenstmuster. He said in part: association. I am glad that I have been able to assi the good work which has been done the last year. The meeting to-night, large in spite of the stormy weather, shows that the same kindly feeling exists as formerly and that we are all trying to push forward our metual interests and to advance the good of the profession in which we are

Mr. Blodgett then introduced as a charter membe of the association and a jolly good fellow, the newly elected president, George F. Hadley, who was greeted with repeated cheers. He said:

My predecessors in office have set a pace for me which I can hope to keep up only with your cordial enoperation. I hope that every member will attend all the meetings, business as well as social. In this way we can make our reanization strong and effective. In 1887 a dozen o fifteen of us formed this, one of the earliest associations. There are thirty-live or forty to-day. In the near future we shall have one in every large city. The qualification-for our work are education, refinement, tact, energy and judgment. The day of chrome and lightning rod insurance men is past. If we do our work catefully and well there will be little room for criticism.

George W. Phillips said that lawyers were so times said to have the "gift of gab." Insurance men had it in even greater degree, for they rose early and went to bed late, devoting the intervening time to making their fellow-men humble suppliants for life insurance. "Some people think," he said, "that officers' lives are to be envied because they have fixed salaries and offices, but the lives of agents are not to be despised. They can combine business with pleasure more than most workers, and can make trips to bas ball games and racetracks profitable. They can study the differences in human nature, whereby one man kicks the agent out of his house, while another in-vites him to dinner. But among all that is pleasant and unpleasant, let us be truthful, whatever else we are, and take for our motto simple truth my highest skill."

The Rev. George D. Hulst was then called upon He said that he had once met a stranger on a car in Brooklyn who was slightly intoxicated. They struck up a conversation, and the stranger to'd him about a funeral of a friend of his and the excellent sermon that had been preached on the occasion asked him to look at me," said the Rev. Mr. Hulst, "and see if he had seen me before," "Way you're the man who preached the sormen," he exclaimed," you do preach like the devii don't you," "I told that story," the spicker said, "at a gathering in Brioklyn, and on the specier said, "at a gathering in 1st oldyn, and on the strength of it I have been invited to preach to you to night like the devil, I suppose. I never could agree with those who criticles life insurance men on the ground that they put things in magnificent shape, and that many people once in the scheme find that everything is not so pleasant after all. I work in the same way as do the insurance men. When a young man comes to me to be married, I do not feel it my duty to lift rin him of all the snigs he will ran ngainst. I mairy him and let him find out for himself."

J. B. Lunger, J. L. Register and Dr. E. N. Namel also spoke.

To combat anamin in all its forms, nothing can re-place Bugrand's Wine, tonic and netritive, prepared with einchons and cocos. To be had of the principal

THE NEW-YORK ASSOCIATION REJOICES. Boy Almost Lost Use of His Limbs Several Doctors Fail.

> Instant Relief, Sweet Sleep, Speedy, Remarkable, and Permanent Cure by Cuticura Remedies.

When about seven years old my son was afflicted with a skin disease which was very distressing. The next apskin disease which was very distressing. The first ap-pearance was of little pimples, accompanied by intensi-tiehing, soon spreading into sores covered with scale, except when scratched off. The entire bedy, except head, was covered. He almost lost the use of his limbs, and was so tight I could earry him about like an infant, Uses all remedies I could find recommended in medical works for itching without benefit. Applied to different phys-cians receiving temporary relief, but the discuss was accomto return. I sent for your pumphlet, read it purchases a set of CUTICURA REMEDIES. I amointed him win a set of CUTICURA REMEDIES. I account him was
the CUTICURA, bathing with the CUTICURA 804F,
and gave small deses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT. On
the southing effect of that CUTICURA! After two page
search for something to allay that terrible itshing, was a relief to see him sleep sweetly without any inclination to scratch. Less than two boxes of CUTICURA, one cake CUTICURA SOAP, and one bottle of the CUTICURA RE SOLVENT, performed a cure, with no returns. Is now
a strong, healthy boy of thirteen. We consider it a remarkable cure, as he had inherited scrof.lous humor.
Mrs. H. E. BOWEN, East Otto, N. Y.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Bloot and Skin Purifier, internally (to cleans the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements), and CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquieite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and sculp, and restore the hair), instantly relieve and and sculp, during species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hered tary discores and humors of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, from pin:ples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP 25c.; Resolvent, etc. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Baston. To "How to Cure Skin Discosses," 64 pages, 50 time trations, 100 testimonials, mailed free.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and elly skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP. ACHING SIDES AND BACK,

Hip, Kidney, and Uterine Pains and Weak nesses relieved in one minute by the Carl-cura Anti-Pain Plaster, the first and only ja nek inner paster.

MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS.

The annual reception of Company B, 9th Regiment, National Guard, will take place at Lyric Hall, No. 723 Sixth-ave., to-morrow night. A Purim reception will be given to the inmates of the Aged and Infirm, of District No. 1, of the

Independent Order of B'ral B'rith, by the Ladies' Aus illiary Society, at 3 p. m. on Sunday, March 6.
Giles B. Stebbins, of Detroit, will address the Woman
Suffrage League on "What is the Use of Woman Suffrage!" to-morrow evening, at No. 125 Fast Twenty-third-st.
At the meeting of the Academy of Medicine, at Na.
19 West Forty-third-st., to-might, there will be a die-

cussion of the proposed act to about the office of coroner. There will also be a paper real on "The Present Samuely dition of the Croton Water Seel." The Purim festival for the humates of the Home for Aged and Infirm Rebrews, at One-hundred-and-fifthest, wost of Ninth-ave., will be celebrated at the Home to-

The regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held at 12:30 p. m. to morrow.

The Columbia College Glee, Banjo and Mandella Clubs

will give a concert in the parlors of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church to-morrow evening. The Rev. Dr. W. W. Melane, of New-Haven, will address the American Institute of Christian Philosophy at address the American Institute of Carristan Philosophy at Columbia College on Tuesday evening, March 7, upon "The Law of Lend Tenure."

The New-York Local Union of Christian Endeavor will meet in the Twenty-third Street Baptist Church build-ing at Twenty-thirl-st, and Lexington-ave., on Saturday

of Columbia College to-day.

The New-York Microscopical Society will have a special exhibit of new apparatus in the Mott Memorial Hall, No. 64 Madison-ave., on Friday evening.

The annual meeting of the Linnacan Society of New-York will be held this evening in the American Museum

York will be held this evening in the American Museum of Natural History, for the election of officers.

At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the National Temperance Society, at No. 58 Reade-st, resterday, a resolution was adopted protesting to the Legislature against the passage of any measure to legalize the traffic in interesting between the second to the legislature was adopted, calling upon all citizens and members of the Legislature "to oppose and defeat the pending Sunday liques selling scheme as an outrage upon the Sabbath; a pril to the public welfare, and a scandal and dishenor to the Empire State."

The James G. Blaine Club, of Harlem, will hold a meet-

ing this evening at their clubnouse, No. 112 East One-hundred-and-tenth-at. Besides the election of officers a new edistitution will be adopted and other matters of im-

THE DETROIT'S TRIAL POSTPONED.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 28 .- The new cruiser Detrole left the Columbian Iron Works to-day to make a trial of her engines. When deep water, in which it was intended to speed her, was reached, thick weather came on and it was decided to return to the diy. Excellent speed was developed in the channels 40 cording to the revolutions made.

SHATTERED BY EXPLODING FOWDER.

St. Louis, Feb. 2s.-One hundred pounds of gunpowder explicted in the sporting goods stere of Rawlings Bros., in Pine st., between Eighth and Ninth, at half-past 2 this afternoon. The front aindows were blown out and the building took fire. Emile Melross was badly burned about the hands and neck; his injuries are regarded as serious. M. Lee Godfrey, a shell londer, was seriously barned about the face, hands and arms, and may the Alyric Welsh was laid, burned, at William Brown, we can by falling glass. The build of the five story betch, used as a European hotel. The free reached every floor, but was under control in builf an hour. In less by the fire and explosion amounts to \$33,000, several plate class windows in adjoining buildings were shattered.

NOMINATED BY MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 20.-The Democratic State onvention was called to order at the Auditorium at noon to day by Chalman Campbell, and Allen B. Morse was made temporary chalman. After recess Governor T. B. Winan was made permanent chairman and a ballet taken for candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court. It resulted: 618 for George IL Durand, of Flint, and 31s for W. G. Howard, of Kale mazoo. Henry A. Hermon, of Detroit, and Peter B. Eunker, of Music gon, were nominated for Regents of the State University, and then the convention ad-

THE COURT DECIDES SCHNEIDER SANE. Washington, Feb. 28.-Judge Hagner in the Court In General Term tols morning announced the decision of the court in the case of Howard J. Schneider, man with wealthy and influential relatives now lying under sentence to be hanged on March II for the murder of his wife, confirming the report of the confirmsion of medical experts appointed to inquire into the sanity of the prisoner. The decision was voluminous, and discussed in detail the testimony of all the witnesses. The court was of the opinion that the testimony that the preponderance of evidence was against the prisoner, who it is believed was feigning insmitt, In e neluding the decision Judge Hagner said: -We lecline to interfere by deciding the prisoner insine, and declare that the law must take its course." There is yet a possibility that a writ of error, which it is understood will be applied for, may be granted and the case taken to the United States Supreme Conf. If the application is denied and the President deed not intervene, Schneider will be hanged either of March 17, the date at present determined upon, or a some later period.

WHAT CAUSED THIS LITTLE BOY'S DEATH! Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 28 (Special).-The city authorities were considerably exercised this after oon over disclosures made at the funeral of Prank V. Small, a nine-year-old boy. The boy died sud-denly last Sunday morning. Dr. Cogswell made a basty examination and prenounced the cause to be bronchitis. Mrs. Organization of the brenchitis. Mrs. Owen Small, the mother of the child, had been separated from her husband. Just before the funeral she discovered an ugly wound

under the dead child's right ear. she learned that the boy had been struck with club by Eessie Small, a sixteen-year-old daughten and that he had not been fil. The funeral was par off and the had not been lift. The funeral was
off and the body was quickly buried to avoid scandal
Later an investigation was held and the authorited
accertained that all Mrs. Small declared was true.
The body will probably be taken up to morrow and
an autopsy made.